## Exploring the Effects of Socio-Economic Status, Motivation and ICT Use on Science Achievement: Findings from PISA 2015

#### Sheng-hua HUANG, Yi-chao JIANG\* & Morris Siu-yung JONG

Faculty of Education, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong S.A.R., China \*michael.jiang@link.cuhk.edu.hk

**Abstract:** The present study used the PISA 2015 dataset (n = 39,297) of six East Asian economies to investigate the relationship between students' ICT-based learning and their science proficiency level. Using Mplus 7, CFA and SEM were conducted to obtain the three major findings. Firstly, students' socio-economic status is highly related to students' science proficiency level but is weakly related to ICT-based learning. Secondly, although both learning enjoyment and instrumental motivation are weakly, positively related to ICT-based learning, the association between learning enjoyment and students' science proficiency level is much stronger than that between instrumental motivation and science proficiency level. Lastly, ICT efficacy is positively related to ICT-based learning, which in turn, is significantly and negatively related to science proficiency level.

Keywords: socio-economic status, motivation, ICT use, science achievement, PISA

#### 1. Introduction

Students' science literacy and performance are considered closely related to 21<sup>st</sup> century skills and their future life in modern society (Millar, 2006; Tsai, 2015). With the mushrooming of internationally large-scale surveys and related research, contradictory findings have been obtained regarding how students' science achievement has been influenced. Since PISA 2015 is the most up-to-date measurement with a focus on students' science achievement, the present study targets at exploring the relationships between students' science achievement and its major influencing factors.

#### 2. Research Hypotheses

H1a: Students' SES is positively related to their science proficiency level.

H1b: Students' SES is positively related to their ICT-based learning.

H2: Both science learning enjoyment and instrumental motivation in science learning are positively related to science proficiency level.

H3: Both science learning enjoyment and instrumental motivation in science learning are positively related to ICT-based learning.

H4a: ICT efficacy is positively related to ICT-based learning.

H4b: ICT-based learning is positively related to students' science proficiency level.

#### 3. Method

#### 3.1 Participants

The participants of this study thus were 15-year-old students from Japan (16.8%), Korea (14.1%), Mainland China (Beijing, Shanghai, Jiangsu and Guangdong Provinces) (24.8%), Chinese Taipei

(19.5%), Hong Kong (13.5%) and Macao (11.3%). After removing missing data, a final sample of 39,297 students was used in our study.

#### 3.2 Measures

#### 3.2.1 Scales

The present study adopted four scales from PISA 2015 survey, measuring science learning enjoyment, instrumental motivation for learning science, ICT efficacy and ICT-based learning. See brief information about the scales below.

Table 1
Scales involved in the present study

Scales	Likert scale	No. of items	Cronbach's α
Science learning	4-point (1 = strongly disagree' to '4 =	5	0.95
enjoyment	strongly agree')		
Instrumental motivation	4-point (1 = strongly disagree' to '4 =	4	0.93
for learning science	strongly agree')		
ICT efficacy	4-point (1 = strongly disagree' to '4 =	5	0.85
	strongly agree')		
ICT-based learning	5-point $(1 = never or hardly ever')$ to '5	12 (6 parcels)	0.91
	= every day)		

#### 3.2.2 ESCS

The index of economic, social and cultural status (ESCS) for each student was calculated and provided by OECD, and it is operationalized as a comprehensive measure of students' socio-economic status in the present study.

#### 3.2.3 Science Proficiency Level

Science proficiency levels were derived from the plausible values provided in PISA dataset and taken as a measure of students' science achievement. Using cut-off scores for proficiency level provided by OECD (2015), the 10 plausible values were recoded into 10 proficiency levels.

#### 3.3 Data Analysis

Using Mplus 7, confirmatory factor analysis (CFA) was conducted to ensure the validity of the measurement model, and structural equation modeling (SEM) was then conducted to estimate all path coefficients. SPSS 21 was also used to generate descriptive data and synthesize replicate estimates.

#### 4. Results and Conclusion

#### 4.1 Reliability, Descriptive Statistics, and Correlations

Table 2
Reliability, descriptive statistics, and correlations

	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. sci-enj	2.62	.79	(.95)					
2. sci-mot	2.85	.77	.47**	(.93)				
3. ICT-eff	2.50	.65	.18**	.09**	(.85)			
4. ICT-L	1.70	.70	.20**	.16**	.31**	(.91)		

5. ESCS	55	.99	.01**	06**	.09**	.06**	-		
6. spl 1	3.09	1.29	.26**	.09**	.10**	06**	.36**	_	

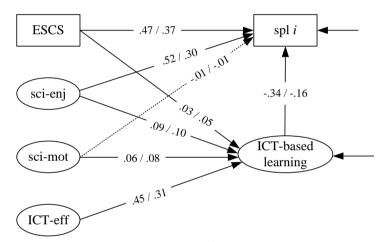
*Notes: the Cronbach's a coefficients were in parentheses;* \*\* p < 0.01.

#### 4.2 CFA Results

A four-factor model was tested using CFA. The four factors were science learning enjoyment, instrumental motivation for learning science, ICT efficacy, and ICT-based learning, respectively. When conducting CFA with the final weight, the results generally confirmed the construct validity of the measurement with an acceptable model fit ( $\chi^2 = 6388.203$ , df = 164, p < .001, CFI =.97, TLI = .96, RMSEA = .031, SRMR = .032).

#### 4.3 SEM Results

The final results of SEM were obtained by synthesizing 90 replicate estimates. To be specific, for the ten models estimated with 10 science proficiency levels by the final weight,  $\chi^2 = 8846.50 \sim 8923.15$ , df = 200, p < .001, CFI = .96, TLI = .95, RMSEA = .033, SRMR = .037~.038; for the model estimated with the first science proficiency level by the 80 replicate weight, RMSEA = .052, SRMR = .038.



*Figure 1.* The SEM results of the hypothesized model.

Notes: all significant paths (significant at .001 level) were presented as solid lines, and a non-significant path presented as a dotted line; numbers before the slashes were unstandardized estimates of the path coefficients, and numbers after the slashes were standardized estimates.

As is shown in Figure 1, the findings were threefold. First, ESCS was highly related to students' science proficiency level ( $\beta$  = .37, p < .001), but was weakly, though significantly, related to ICT-based learning ( $\beta$  = .05, p < .001). Second, although both learning enjoyment and instrumental motivation were weakly and positively related to ICT-based learning (sci-enj:  $\beta$  = .10, p < .001; sci-mot:  $\beta$  = .08, p < .001), the association between learning enjoyment and students' science proficiency level ( $\beta$  = .30, p < .001) was much stronger than that between instrumental motivation and science proficiency level ( $\beta$  = -.01, n.s.). Third, ICT efficacy was positively related to ICT-based learning ( $\beta$  = .31, p < .001), which in turn, was significantly and negatively related to science proficiency level ( $\beta$  = -.16, p < .001). Thus, hypotheses H1, H3 and H4 were supported but hypotheses H2 was rejected due to a non-significant negative association between instrumental motivation and science proficiency level.

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### **AUTHOR INDEX**

Α		
ABADIA	RHODORA	495
ABANES	DON ROMIELITO N.	447
ABDULLAH	TIEN TIEN	429
ABERIN	MARIA ALVA Q.	141
ABIDIN	SIEW WEI	429
AGAPITO	JENILYN L.	537
AKCAPINAR	GOKHAN	300,312,318,351,360,698
AKYEA	THELMA	185
ALEJANDRO	ROMERO-HERNANDEZ	567
ANDOKO	BANNI SATRIA	706
ARAKAWA	YUTAKA	466
ASHIDA	ATSUSHI	22
ASRI	ATIQAH NURUL	706
ATIENZA	FRANCIS ARLANDO L.	423
В		
BAHAROM	FARIDAH LISA	429
BAI	SHURUI	515
BERGE	ELIAS	42,90
BHAGAT	KAUSHAL KUMAR	600
BHAT	JAYADEVA	402
BIYIK	ÇAĞRI ÖZKÖSE	634
BODEMER	DANIEL	121,131,158,412
BONIFACIO	KENT LEVI A.	96
BORJA	MANERO	567
BOTICKI	IVICA	312,744
BUCHHOLZ	ALEXANDER	412
BUENVIAJE	WINNA MIA VICTORIA D.	549
BULUT	IBRAHIM HAKKI	152
C	DOMINIC C	422
CABAUATAN	DOMINIC C.	423
CAGUIAT	MA. ROWENA	710,774
CAL	SU	685
CALVERT	JAMES	495
CASANO	JONATHAN DL.	447
CATEDRILLA	JYPZIE M.	774
CHAI	WASAN NA	336
CHAI	CHING SING	720,756
CHAN	TAK-WAI	5
CHANG	BEN	5
CHANG	CHIH-KAI	555
CHANG	MAIGA	561
CHANG	SUNG-BIN	762
CHANGHAO	LIANG	744

CHAO	GRACE CHIH-NUO	756
CHAVAN	PANKAJ	63
CHEN	WENLI	5
CHEN	BODONG	6
CHEN	GAOWEI	6
CHEN	ZHI-HONG	93
CHEN	WENLI	165
CHEN	JUN-MING	203,441
CHEN	NIAN-SHING	561
CHEN	MING-PUU	617
CHEN	CHENG-HUAN	667
CHEN	NIAN-SHING	691
CHEN	MEI-RONG ALICE	698
CHENG	KUN-HUNG	191
CHENG	QIAN-QIAN	608
CHENG	YA-WEN	691
CHEW	CHIOU SHENG	662
CHIH	WEN-CHIEH	93
CHOU	CHIH-YUEH	93
COOK	MARGARET	585
COX	DENIESE	729
CRUZ	MA. ANNIELA B. DELA	549
CUESTA	JOSEPHINE M. DE LA	774
COLSTA	JOSEPHINE W. DE LA	774
D		
DAI	XIN-YU	555
DASIKA	RATNA	495
DEEP	ANURAG	402
DELIALIOGLU	OMER	152,634
DENDEN	MOUNA	561
DING	XUE-FEI	579
DITCHAROEN	NADH	209,591
DIY	WALFRIDO DAVID	525
DONG	YAN	644
DRAJATI	NUR ARIFAH	720
DU	A-MEI	453
_		
E	DV4.01	740
EBARDO	RYAN	710
ERKENS	MELANIE	158
ESSELMI	FATHI	561
F		
FADRIQUELA	INGRID MARIE THERESE P.	549
FAJARDO	ROLANDO R.	423
FELLMAN	DANIEL	90
FENG	XUANQI	505
FENG	MENG-NI	579

FLANAGAN FUNG FUNG	BRENDAN KA-YAN KWONG-CHIU	300,312,318,351,360,698 673 673
FURTADO	PEDRO GABRIEL FONTELES	101,543
G GABRIEL GAO GAO GARCIA GONEDA	FONTELES FURTADO PEDRO MING MENG-YA ERROL MATTHEW C. MAMERTO T.	624 324 608 141 423
GOTTIPATI	SWAPNA	232
GUAN GUO	JUEQI MEIYI	386 224
900	IVIEITI	224
Н		
HASEGAWA	SHINOBU	75
HASIBUAN	ZAINAL A.	487
HASNINE	NEHAL	312
HASNINE	MOHAMMAD NEHAL	318
HAYASHI	YUGO	172
HAYASHI HE	YUSUKE SUJIN	101,273,369,543,624,706 768
HECHANOVA	MA. REGINA M.	525
HEIMBUCH	SVEN	121,158
HERRAS	INGRID YVONNE	447
HEW	KHE FOON	515
HIRAMATSU	YUTA	354
HIRASHIMA	TSUKASA	101,273,369,543,624,706
HSIEH	JUN SCOTT CHEN	667
HSU	TING-CHIA	2
HSU	TIEN-YU	203
HSU	YU-CHING	394
HSU	TIEN-YU	441
HU	YILING	146,357
HUANG	IWEN	490
HUANG HUANG	BIYUN RONGHUAI	515 561
HUANG	YAOHUA	685
HUANG	SHENG-HUA	777
1107.110	5.12.10 1.07.1	,,,
1		
IDRIS	NORISMA	662
IHARA	DAIKI	306
INOUE	KEI	573
ITOH	YUKIHIRO	306,348,354
IWAI	KENGO	624

IYER	SRIDHAR	750
J		
JANSEN	MARC	42,90
JEMNI	MOHAMED	561
JIANG	FANGTING	377
JIANG	HUI-YU	490
JIANG	YI-CHAO	777
JONG	MORRIS SIU-YUNG	756,777
JONSSON	BERT	90
JUNUS	KASIYAH	101
K		
KAO	YU-TING	617
KASHIHARA	AKIHIRO	75
KAWASHIMA	HIROAKI	81
KHANTHUSAENG	ACHARAPORN	591
KINSHUK	ACHANAFONN	561
KITAOKA	ASAKA	573
KOGURE	SATORU	306,348,354
KOH	ELIZABETH	
KOJIMA	KAZUAKI	6 51
KOJIRI	TOMOKO	22,87
KONG	SIU CHEUNG	2,5,738
KONISHI	TATSUHIRO	306,348,354
KRIZANOVIC	CHRISTOPHER	178
KRÜGER	JULE M.	412
KU	OSKAR	762
KUMAR	AMAN	63
KUO	PO-CHUN	531
KUROMIYA	HIROYUKI	351
L		
LAI	SONG	69
LASALA	JOSE RAFAEL	525
LE	NGUYEN-THINH	178
LECAILLIEZ	LOUIS	698
LEE	ALWYN VWEN YEN	242
LEE	YUAN-HSUAN	394
LEE	NURUL SYAFIQAH YAP	429
LEE	CHENG EAN (CATHERINE)	484
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LEE LEE	LUNG-HAO	703 720
	HYERAN	
LI	HUAN	224
LI	ZHIZHUANG	282
LI	LINGYU	288
LI	HUIYONG	300
LI	BAOPING	330

	VONC DO	450
LI	YONG-BO	453
LI	JING-WEI	490
LI	YIN	644
LI	JIAN-HONG	703
LIAN	JINGJING	650
LIANG	HSIN-YI	203,441
LIANG	MING-RONG	691
LIANG	JEN-KAI	762
LIAO	YI-CHENG	531
LIMPIN	LAIZA	710
LIN	HANYUNING	200
LIN	HAO-CHIANG KOONG	531
LIN	KUAN-YU	531
LIN	SHU-YUAN	617
LIN	YU-CHI	703
LINCKE	ALISA	
		42,90
LIU	CHU	377,386
LIU	MIAN	460
LIUA	JIAQI	69
LO	SIAW LING	252
LO	FANG-YING RIVA	667
LOH	ER FU	662
LOOI	CHEE KIT	2,5,768
LUAN	LIN	644
LUK	ERIC TSUN-HIN	756
M		
MA	LEANNE	185
MAJUMDAR	RWITAJIT	312,318,351,698,300
	DOMINIQUE MARIE ANTOINETTE	
MANAHAN	В.	537
MANUEL	GONZALEZ-RIOJO	567
MATSUDA	YUKI	466
MCLAUGHLIN	TIMOTHY	585
MEINEL	CHRISTOPH	263
MENG	LINGLING	597
MERIEM	EL-YAMRI	567
MILRAD	MARCELO	
		42,90
MIRANDA		422
MITRA	JOHN PAUL P.	423
NAITDO: "C	RITAYAN	63
MITROVIC	RITAYAN ANTONIJA	63 57
MIWA	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA	63 57 51
MIWA MIZUTANI	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA KOZO	63 57 51 435
MIWA MIZUTANI MOURI	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA KOZO KOUSUKE	63 57 51 435 478
MIWA MIZUTANI	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA KOZO	63 57 51 435
MIWA MIZUTANI MOURI	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA KOZO KOUSUKE	63 57 51 435 478
MIWA MIZUTANI MOURI MURTHY	RITAYAN ANTONIJA KAZUHISA KOZO KOUSUKE	63 57 51 435 478

NATARAJAN NGEZE NIAN NICHOLAS NITIN NIU NOGUCHI NOMURA	UMA LUCIAN VUMILIA MEI-WEN ALLAN GOKARN MALLIKA BINGBING YASUHIRO TOSHIHIRO	720 750 394 679 232 69 306,348,354 273
0		
OCHEJA OGASAWARA	PATRICK KENTO	698 348
OGATA	HIROAKI	288,300,312,318,351,360,478,
OGATA OKUBO OLLESCH ONG OTA OTAGAKI OUH	YU FUMIYA LISA BENSON KOICHI TOYA ENG LIEH UTSAV	698,744 624 342 121 197 75 87 252
P PAN PANG PAYNE PENG PILLAI PINE PINKWART PRASETYA PRESTRIDGE PROMJAN PRYOR PUTRA	JING-WEN CHRIS AUSTIN XIAOLING JAYESH MICHELLE NIELS DIDIK DWI SARAH PHIRAPHONG MATHEW R LUTHFI K.	460 197 585 294,357 472 585 178 369 729 209 200 206
QIAN	DONG-MING	579
R RAHMAH REN RODRIGO ROSARIO ROY RUAN	AMALIA YOUQUN MA. MERCEDES T. NICO B. DEL RODRIGO EMMANUEL JIAHUI	487 386 12,525,537 447 525 357,597
RUANGRAJITPAKORN	TANETH	336

S		
SADITA	LIA	101
SAKAMOTO	YOKO	366
SAKATA	NOBUHIRO	366
SAKHARDANDE	PRABODH	472
SALLY	DR.	673
SANTOSO	HARRY BUDI	101, 206,487
SARKAR	PRATITI	472
SATO	YOSHIKI	75
SCHLUSCHE	CHRISTIAN	131
SCHNAUBERT	LENKA	131,158
SEO	JINSIL HWARYOUNG	585
SHAMS	AHMED	263
SHANG	CHENCHEN	224
SHANKARARAMAN	VENKY	232
SHARMA	VANDIT	600
SHIH	JU-LING	2,5,197
SHIMADA	ATSUSHI	342
SHIMOJO	SHIGEN	172
SHIMONISHI	KEI	81
SIEW	EDWIN THENG FUNG	484
SO	HYO-JEONG	720
SONEDA	YUSUKE	466
SONGÜL	BEHICE CEYDA	634
SOTARDI	VALERIE	57
SUMI	KAORU	32
SUN	DI	324
SUPIAN	SADIAH	429
SUPNITHI	THEPCHAI	336
Т		
TAHIR	FAIZA	57
TAKAOKA	RYO	75
TALANDRON-FELIPE	MAY MARIE P.	12,96,194
TALUKDAR	JEEVANKUR	600
TAN	JESMINE S H	165
TAN	SENG CHEE	214
TAN	AIK LING	242
TAN	SENG CHEE	242
TAN	KAR WAY	252
TAN	DIVINE-KIA T.	525
TEO	CHEWLEE	6
TEO	TANG WEE	214
THO	NURUL AINA SYAKIRAH ZAINAL	429
TIAM-LEE	THOMAS JAMES	32
TLILI	AHMED	561
TOKUMARU	MASATAKA	22
TOMIEK	KARLA	312

TONG	FANGYUAN	597
TSENG	SHU-FEN	93
TSENG	YUEN-HSIEN	703
U		
UEKI	KOUSUKE	81
UOSAKI	NORIKO	288,478
W		
WADA	TAKUYA	87
WAN	WAI-YAN	673
WANG	GE	146
WANG	JINGYUN	342
WANG	CHUAN	453
WANG	XIAO-DONG	453
WANG	DI-FEI	460
WANG	LI-LI	608
WANG	LI-CHUN	617
WANG	SHASHA	644
WANG	DANTONG	685
WANG	YUPING	691
WANG	YUE	720
WANG	YI-QING	738
WARRIEM	JAYAKRISHNAN M.	351
WIDIYANINGTYAS	TRIYANNA	369
WONG	LUNG HSIANG	5,6
WU	FATI	69
WU	BIAN	146
WU	DI	224
WU	BIAN	294
WU	JIUN-YU	394
WU	WEN-CHI VIVIAN	662,667
WU	SHUMIN	685
WU	WUN-SYUAN	703
WU	MICHAEL	762
WU	LONGKAI	768
V		
X		
XIE	HAORAN	617
XU	LING-YU	608
Υ		
YAMADA	MASANORI	505
YAMAGUCHI	KOUDAI	288
YAMAMOTO	TOSH	197
YAMAMOTO	RAIYA	573
YAMASHITA	KOICHI	306,348,354

YAN	TENG	282
YANG	YUANYUAN	300
YANG	ВО	330
YANG	CHRISTOPHER C.Y.	360
YANG	CHANG-HSUAN	394
YANG	YU-FENG (DIANA)	603
YANG	ZI-TONG	608
YANG	YANG	685
YANG	YA-FEI	691
YAP	ANTON GABRIEL	525
YASUMOTO	KEIICHI	466
YIN	CHENGJIU	288,478
YONEKAWA	TAKAHIRO	478
YUAN	PEI-YAN	453
Z		
ZHANG	JINGJING	324
ZHANG	JIANG	324
ZHANG	JIANGXIANG	377
ZHAO	XIAO-YAN	453
ZHENG	YONG	363
ZHENG	CHUN-PING	608
ZHOU	PENG	224
ZHOU	JUAN	288
ZHOU		C= C
	YU-JIE	656
ZHOU	YU-JIE YONG	656 656
ZHOU ZHU		



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